

from Gravelines. By this conveyance we received a complete set of French Journals up to the 9th inst. By official letters from Italy, dated the 27th of August, 12 days after the battle of Novi, it appears, that the head-quarters of the French were still at Cornigliano, and that the army occupied nearly the same position it held before it was led forward by Joubert to attempt the relief of Tortona. Moreau continued to cover the Genoese, which the Austrians under Gen. Klenau had endeavoured to enter by attacking the French posts at Riccio. It is stated, however, that they were repulsed with loss. [Star.]

It is with the most heartfelt and sincere satisfaction, we congratulate our readers on the Capture of Seringapatam, and the Death of that inveterate and most invidious of all our enemies in India, Tippee Saib!

This intelligence was brought early this morning to the East India Company by Capt. Tweedale, of the Earl Fitzwilliam, who arrived in the Sarah Christiana extra ship, which left Madras on the 20th of May.—The capture of Seringapatam occurred on the 4th of May, under the command of Gen. Harris. The tyrant was found at one of the gates under vast heaps of the slain; and he was buried in the Tomb of Hyder the following day by his family, with regal honours. His Sons, the young Princes, fired from the Palace windows two hours after the city was taken: they were made prisoners, and removed to the camp;—4000 horse, at some distance from the city, surrendered without any conditions.

Col. Sherbrooke, Lieutenant-Colonel Dalrymple, Dunlop, Gardner, and Mignan, commanded the several flank companies.—Ten flank companies of Europeans, followed by the 12th, 33d, 73d, and 74th regiments, and three corps of grenadier sepoy, taken from troops of the three Presidencies, with 200 of the Nizam's troops, with 100 of the artillery, formed the party for the assault.

The following notice respecting this event appeared in the Madras Gazette of May 7:

"Seringapatam was taken on the 4th of May, by assault, the loss of the Company's army, was 70 killed, 263 wounded, and 4 missing, Europeans; 13 killed, 34 wounded, 2 missing, Natives; Tippee was found dead among the slain, and his two sons taken in the Palace."

The lustre of this victory can be equalled only by the substantial advantages which it promises, by restoring peace, and re-establishing the safety of the British possessions in India, on a durable foundation.

Major Oram died on the passage.

Certain intelligence was this morning received in town, that a large body of Russian troops, arrived at Helder Point on Tuesday last, and were disembarking when the Latona, which brought this information, left the Dutch coast.

Since the arrival of the above ship at Yarmouth, a report has been very current, that the Dutch and French troops had been defeated in the neighbourhood of Alkmaar. Sir R. Abercrombie, it is said, had thrown up covered entrenchments in the rear of his army, and when the attack commenced, gave orders for the troops to make a precipitate sham retreat.—The enemy unacquainted with the design, marched forward with great impetuosity, but the batteries in the entrenchments being opened on them, the British troops sallied out, and put most of them to the sword. The loss of the Dutch and French, in this conflict, is killed, wounded and prisoners, is stated at 3000 men.

Yesterday arrived in Ozely Bay, on the coast of Suffolk, the Dutch Fleet, taken in the Texel, consisting of 12 sail of the line; they were conveyed over by his Majesty's ships Glatton, Veteran, Ardent, Belliqueux, Monmouth, Overysel, and two Russian ships of war. The Dutch sailors affected to be refractory at first, but were very soon brought to their senses by the British Tars—they are bound for the Nore.

The embarkation of the infantry finished yesterday at Deal; but in consequence of the necessary repairs to the horse-ships, and there not being a sufficient number of them to transport all the Cavalry proposed to be sent to the Continent, there was no embarkation at Ramsgate yesterday. The 15th Light Dragoons remain in the Barracks at Canterbury, and the 10th will not march in until they are gone. The fleet of transports in the Downs wait only for a fair wind to put to sea. Part of them sailed yesterday, and the wind being now perfectly in their favour, the whole are by this time under weigh.

We have already stated, that Sir Ralph Abercrombie had demanded a passport, and an escort from General Daendels, for a British Officer to proceed to the Hague; with dispatches to the Batavian Directory. General Don was the officer proposed to be sent; but private letters from the head-quarters of the British army inform us, that the passport was refused; and Gen. Abercrombie given to understand, that if he had any proposals to make, he might commit them to paper, and a written answer should be returned.

A private letter from an officer in the Expedition has been received, which mentions in a postscript, "that Amsterdam is taken, with the loss of 500 men on our side." We are inclined, however, to doubt the intelligence.—[Courier.]

In the packet which brought the last Paris Papers from Calais to Dover, came twenty-three nuns, all of whom are at the city of London Hotel.

Colonel Graham and Captain Mitchell, who were wounded at the Helder, have been landed at Ramsgate.

A letter from London, which mentions the rumour of a hostile declaration of the Emperor Paul, against his Prussian Majesty, says that our Court has done all in its power to prevent it.

All the sick and wounded of the British forces at the Helder, have come home in the transports that arrived in the Downs, from the Texel on Sunday last.

The Right Hon. Lord Castlereagh and the Right Hon. Thomas Conolly, sailed for England on Friday evening.

The Right Hon. the Lord Chancellor is expected in town this day.

DIED. In the 84th year of his age, Mr. Terence Duff, an eminent tanner, in Galway's Walk, who by 60 years industry, accumulated a large property with integrity and probity.

LIMERICK,—SEPTEMBER 18.

Monday, yesterday and this day, the Antrim Militia, commanded by the Right Hon. Lord O'Neill, marched into this City, from Galway, on their route for Cork.

The Lord Chancellor has been pleased to appoint Major John Ormsby, of Ballygrenan, a Justice of the Peace for the County of Clare.

The Races of Ardfoilas, Co. Clare, will commence on Friday the 20th inst.—See Adv.

To the Printer of the Limerick Chronicle.

SIR, I cannot refrain, through the medium of your excellent Paper, from animadverting on the custom which prevails of Burying Persons so soon after their decease, or rather their apparent decease, for it is to be feared that numbers of those interred, are not really dead; indeed it is confidently said, that a melancholy instance of this kind occurred but a few days since, when a Person was buried in eight hours from the time he was thought dead, and who was in good health immediately previous to a fit with which he was seized, and which is said to have been his only complaint.—If this be true, instead of burying the dead, we are guilty of the horrid crime of entombing the living, by these premature interments. No one should be buried till actual signs of putrefaction takes place, as there can be no real certainty of death till then. And here, I cannot help remarking, that the whole practice, with regard to Funerals in this Country, ought to be put a stop to—whether we consider the too early Interment, the Wake, or the Cry!

Among the Poor, the Wake is generally the cause of a very early Interment, for if the poor person cannot collect sufficient money to purchase drink and tobacco for his neighbours at a Wake, he is sure to send the body of his Wife or Child, or any other near and dear Relative to the Grave, not chusing to keep them even one night in the house, if not able to act in conformity to a horrid custom; and thus may the poor person be, and undoubtedly often is, ignorantly guilty of murder; for it is a well-known fact, that there have been many cases of persons apparently dead for several hours, nay days, who have actually recovered, there being, as I said before, no certain sign of death, till putrefaction commences. This custom of Wakes is highly improper, both in a religious and political sense—in a religious one, because the mind is hardened, it loses all sense of fear of death, when the sight of a corpse, instead of exciting serious impressions, is accompanied only by scenes of mirth and jollity, of riot and drunkenness, on this account it is, that the common people often prefer a Wake to a Wedding;—in a political sense it is improper, because, under the pretext of attending Wakes, persons may meet (and it is said, during the late detestable and unprovoked Rebellion, did actually meet,) for the most seditious and treasonable purposes, plotting against the Government.—With regard to the Cry, what can be more disgusting, what more offensive than this Savage noise,—would not a Foreigner think every time he heard it, that a pack of Wolves were let loose among us.—It were to be wished, indeed, that some Legislative regulation were adopted on this head, and that by a positive Act of Parliament, both the Wake and the Cry were prohibited, for nothing more concerns every civilized State than the decent interment of, and proper attention to the dead. In this respect, there is no Country we should sooner imitate than England; there we see no such thing as a Wake, we hear no howling at Funerals, but every thing relating to this matter is conducted in a most decent, silent, and solemn manner. Nor are they in such haste to bury their friends as we are: it is very usual to keep a person a week, hardly ever less than three or four days, unless they die of some very infectious disease—what is there in this climate that can prevent our doing the same?

These observations I have put together in an unstudied manner, my mind is so forcibly struck with the barbarity of the custom which so generally prevails, that I cannot give myself time to arrange my thoughts, or select my expressions, I know it may be objected to me, that we cannot suddenly stop customs so long prevalent, that they take such firm hold of the prejudices of the people, as not to be easily shaken off; but surely if we exert ourselves, something may be done.—Individuals may do a great deal by discountenancing the practice, if we cannot at once abolish the Wake and the Cry, let us put a stop, as far as lies in our power, to the abominable custom of precipitate Interment—the duties we owe to our fellow-creatures call for it; the claims of humanity demand it from us.

A SUBSCRIBER.

Advertisement in Knox's Annis Paper, the Races of Ardfoilas will commence on Friday the 20th inst.

ANTHONY COLPOYS, }
JAMES CREAGH, Esqrs. } Stewards.

WOOLLEN DRAPERY, MENS' MERCERY,

And London HAT Ware-House.

WILLIAM COLLIS begs leave to inform the Public and his Friends, that he has commenced Business in the Shop, No. 84, Mary-street, nearly opposite Mr. H. Collis's, and has laid in, from some of the first Houses in England and Dublin, a large and extensive assortment of every Article in his Line—consisting of Superfines, Refine and Livery Cloths, Pantaloon and Breeches Stuffs of every description, Waitcoating in the newest Style, London and Dublin Hats for Ladies, Gentlemen and Servants, Gold and Silver Lace—all of which he is determined to sell at the most Reduced Prices.

Limerick, September 18, 1799.

£.3,400 to be LENT;
Application to DANIEL GABBETT, Esquire,
Limerick. Sept. 14, 1799.

HENRY COLLIS,

HAS received a large Parcel of choice Port in Pipes and Hogheads, and will sell them reasonable; he is well supplied with every Article in his Line, consisting of Groceries of all kinds.

Limerick, Sept. 11, 1799.

£.200 TO BE LENT;
Apply to William Bourke, Esq; Madeboy.
(2w) Sept. 11, 1799.

TO be Let, from the 29th Inst.
the House, &c. in Creagh's-Lane, now occupied by Benjamin Unthank.

Limerick, September 4, 1799.

JOHN WALLACE, Jun.

INTENDING to Change his present Line of Business, will dispose of his Interest in the House he now Lives in, from the First Day of November next.—For situation, convenience, and establishment, there is no House in Limerick superior.

Sept. 18, 1799.

WANTED,

FOR the Parish of Rathcolumbkille, a Person properly Qualified to act as SCHOOL-MASTER.
Apply to the Rev. Mr. WIGHT, near Rathcolumbkille.
(2w) Sept. 17, 1799.

NOTICE.

County of the City of } THE General Quarter-
Limerick, to wit. } Sessions of the Peace
for the County of the City
of Limerick, will be held at the Tholof of said
City on Tuesday the 1st Day of October next, and
will continue from day to day, of which all Tt-
aversers and Prosecutors are desired to take notice.
Dated this 18th day of September, 1799.

By order of the Court,
EDWARD PARKER, C. Peace.

N. B. Such Persons as intend to take out Licenses for Retailing Spirits the ensuing Year, are desired to attend at the above Sessions, to be qualified for that Purpose.

TO be LET, from the 25th of March, next in the whole or in parcels, for such Term as may be agreed upon, and with or without a fine, the House and Demesne of CASTLE-OLIVER, the Demesne consisting of 240A. 3R. 24P. of Land, with walled-in Gardens, and extensive Improvements.—Also, the DEER-PARK of Castle-Oliver, containing 158A. 2R. 20P. of excellent Feeding Ground.—The Land called the OLD WOOD, containing 82A. 0R. 28P.; and the Lands of RAHEEN-ROE, containing 53A. 2R. 26P. the whole containing 535A. 18R. 8P. Plantation Measure, situated near Kilmann, in the County of Limerick.

Proposals in writing will be received by Charles D. Oliver, Esq; Mount-Coote, Charleville; or Mat. Franks, Esq; 17 York-street, Dublin.

N. B. The Timber on the Demesne would be Sold at a Valuation, to the Person taking House and Demesne. (1 month) Sept. 15, 1799.

SCAVENGERS PLACES.

To be Sold by Publick Cant, at the City Court-House, on Wednesday the 25th of Sept. Inst. at 12 o'Clock precisely, to the lowest Bidder, who will Contract to Cleanse this City, from the first of October next, for twelve Months, agreeable to the following Lots;—

No. 1.—From Thomond-gate to Bridge-street, including the Street to the Island, Barrack street, all Back-lanes right and left, and Merchants-Quay, to Bridge-street.

No. 2.—From Bridge-street to Baal's-bridge, including all Back-lanes right and left, from 'Change-lane to Baal's-bridge, George's-quay, New-bridge, and Wilson's-quay.

No. 3.—From Baal's-bridge to Market-house, including Baal's-bridge, Lock-quay, Charlotte's-quay as far as Assembly-house, Mungret-street, and all Back-lanes to the right and left to the Market-house, and to the right to Mungret-gate.

No. 4.—From the Market-house to the sign of the Black-Bull outside John's-gate, including all Back-lanes right and left, Francis-street, Palmer's-town, the Square, and as far as Taylor's New-Ann.
Limerick, Sept. 11, 1799.

BENJAMIN CLARKE and SONS,

Wholesale Printed Callicoes and Muslin

WARE-HOUSE,

IS now remarkably well assorted with every article in their line, fit for the present Season and Winter; every week they produce three Deliveries of Printed Goods, the newest and most fashionable Patterns, in Execution, Taste, and Colours, equal to the best London work, on moderate terms.
Ware-House, 110 Bride-street, Dublin.

JOHN BURKE, of Nenagh, Merchant, requests all those Indebted to his House, by Bill, Bond, or Note, will forthwith Pay their Accounts to Mr. Ed. Burke, Attorney, who is authorized to receive them, or otherwise they will be proceeded against without further Notice.

[imo.] Nenagh, Sept. 12, 1799.

STOLEN from off the Lands of

Benroe, near Hospital, on Wednesday night the 4th Inst. a bay Mare, 4 years old, with a large star and snip, her feet white above the fetlocks, with a white spot on the right side, cocked switch tail, about 15 hands high, the property of Thomas Bourke, who will give a guinea for the tidings of said Mare, or five Guineas for said Mare and Thief prosecuted to Conviction. Dated Benroe, Sept. 13, 1799.

THOMAS BOURKE.

Brewing and Distilling.

A Person regularly bred to the Brewing Business, and in constant Practice these many Years, has lately made some Improvements in Brewing, not generally known, would instruct People in either line, much to their advantage; has a perfect knowledge of Distilling, particularly the Brewing part.—Terms known by directing to Mr. James Reynolds, Nenagh.

[4w] Sept. 10, 1799.

MERCANTILE COFFEE-HOUSE,

September 7, 1799.

THE Members of this House are requested to Pay their Subscriptions for the ensuing Year, on or before the 30th Inst. at the Bar—on which Day a General Meeting will be held for examining the Accounts of the House, and for electing a Committee and Treasurer for the ensuing year.

By Order of the Committee,
THOMAS F. WILKINSON, Sec.

TO BE LET,

From the 29th of September Inst.

For Lives Renewable,

THE Concern at Mungret-Gate, lately occupied by Henry Samuels, Coach-Maker; they are extensive and well situated for Building Stores. Application to be made to William Blood, Esq; Attorney, in Limerick, until 1st November, and after at 12, Gardiner's-street, Dublin; and to Edw. Fitz Gerald, Esq; William-street, Limerick.

[4P] Sept. 7, 1799.

THE several Persons to whom the

late Mr. Rickards Barry, of Mitchelstown, stood Indebted at the time of his decease are requested forthwith to furnish his Son and Executor, Mr. Robert Barry, of Mitchelstown, aforesaid, with the nature and amount of their several demands, that the same may be discharged.—And Mr. Barry requests that such Persons as stand Indebted to his Father, will have the goodness to pay him the amount of said Debts, the better to enable him to discharge the Demands on him on his Father's account; and unless such Persons discharge the Debts to due, Mr. Barry, must, however, disagreeable to him, be obliged to proceed for recovery of said Debts as shall not be paid or satisfactorily secured. [4w] Sept. 2, 1799.

County Limerick—A perpetuity.

TO be Sold the Lands of Kingsland, bounding Coolrus and Balinley, they contain 130 Acres, the Lease is for 3 Lives renewable for ever, subject to a chief Rent of 32l. 11s. and a renewal Fine of 16l. 5s. 6d. on the fall of each life, net profit rent 103l. 19s. per ann. and would this day let for 100l. a year additional rent; there are 20 years of the Undertenants leases unexpired; said Lands are contiguous to the Cork and Limerick Roads, 12 Miles from Limerick, 3 from Croom, and 8 from Charleville.—Application to be made to John Villiers, Limerick—and John Tutuill, Esqrs. 37, Summer-hill, Dublin. September 4, 1799.

TO BE LET,

FOR such Term as may be agreed on, and immediate possession given, the Demesne of COTTAGE, Part of DONASS, (Co. Clare,) containing about 25 Acres of good Meadow land, on which is a convenient House, good Offices, an excellent Garden, and a promising young Orchard, at present in tolerable bearing. Proposals addressed to WILLIAM MASSY, Esq; Glenville, near Rathkeale, who will close with a good Tenant, as soon as the value is offered. July 31, 1799.

WHITES and M'SWINEY,

Have for SALE at Thomond-Distillery, OLD Whiskey, sweet and strong, at 1 to 2,—Rum, Brandy, and Geneva, equal in flavour to foreign Spirits of the same denomination, and 50 per cent. Cheaper.—They have also a Variety of the most esteemed CORDIALS.—They don't sell less than 30 Gallons of WHISKEY; of the other Spirits they make small quantities, and take in payment Cork, Waterford, and Dublin Bank Notes.
(c) Limerick, Feb. 2, 1799.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Interest of the House and Demesne of SHANNON-LODGE, held for three young Lives, situate on the Banks of the River Shannon, opposite the beautiful and elegant Seat of H. D. Massy, Esq; and half a mile of Castle-Connell, a most desirable situation for a Gentleman of a small Family. For further particulars enquire of JAMES and WILLIAM GREGG, Attorneys, St. Patrick-street, Cork. (c) March 11, 1799.

WHOLESALE WARE-HOUSE,

No 12, King's-Inns-Quay, Dublin.

WILLIAM SINNETT, late of the Firm of J. T. and W. Sinnett, takes this opportunity of acquainting his Friends, that he has removed to the extensive Concerns, No. 12, King's-Inns-Quay, where he is assisted in the best manner, with every article in the Silk, Ribbon, and Haberdashery Line, both of his own and English Manufacture.